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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/693,498	10/693,498 10/27/2003		Richard J. Bucala	70015.0114USC1	2060		
23552	7590	06/26/2006		EXAMINER			
MERCHAN	IT & GC	OULD PC	SCHULTZ, JAMES				
P.O. BOX 29		55402-0903		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Minnes de la company de la com				1635			
				DATE MAILED: 06/26/200	DATE MAILED: 06/26/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			3,498	BUCALA ET AL.						
			iner	Art Unit						
		J. D. S	Schultz, Ph.D.	1635						
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicator Reply	ation appears on	the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence ac	dress					
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI nasions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n ication. ory period will apply an I, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNI to event, however, may a and will expire SIX (6) MON examplication to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,					
Status										
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 27 October 2	2003.							
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.									
′=	Since this application is in condition for	-		ters, prosecution as to the	e merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.									
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
·	Claim(s) is/are rejected.									
	Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> are subject to restriction	and/or election	requirement.							
•	on Papers		•		ı					
	The specification is objected to by the E	Evaminor								
·	•		r h) Ohiected to	hy the Evaminer						
.0,	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to b									
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	, a.e <u> </u>			102.					
_	-	. .		0.440(=) (4) == (5)						
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:									
a)ر	,,,									
	 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 									
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 									
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.										
			aeu dopios riot	, 55017 54.						
Attachment	t(s)									
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview 9	Summary (PTO-413)						
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO		Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT r No(s)/Mail Date	O/SB/08)	5)	nformal Patent Application (PTC) -152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1, 2, 6, and 7, drawn to an antisense compound capable of inhibiting MIF, which may optionally be a pharmaceutical composition, classified in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- II. Claims 1, 3, 6, and 8, drawn to a ribozyme compound capable of inhibiting MIF, which may optionally be a pharmaceutical composition, classified in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- III. Claims 1, 4, 6, and 9, drawn to a triple helix compound capable of inhibiting MIF, which may optionally be a pharmaceutical composition, classified in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- IV. Claim1, 5, 6, 10, 14 and 15, drawn to an anti-MIF antibody compound capable of inhibiting MIF, which may optionally be a pharmaceutical composition, classified in class 530, subclass 388.23.
- V. Claims 11-13, and 16-23, drawn to methods of treating cellular overproliferation or neovascularization comprising administering an agent which inhibits MIF activity, wherein said agent is an anti-MIF antibody or fragment thereof, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1. Election of this group requires a further species election from the group consisting of angiomas, diabetic retinopathy, esophageal cancer, stomach cancer, renal carcinoma cancer, bladder cancer,

breast cancer, colon cancer, lung cancer, melanoma, nasopharyngeal cancer, osteocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, and uterine cancer, for reasons described below.

VI. Claims 22 and 24, drawn to treating tumor neovascularization comprising administering an agent which inhibits MIF activity, wherein said agent is an antisense molecule directed to MIF mRNA, classified in class 514, subclass 44.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-IV are related to those of inventions V and VI as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the methods of inhibiting MIF can be accomplished with another molecule such as an siRNA or a small molecule inhibitor. Furthermore, since the search and examination of compounds are divergent and non-coextensive with the search examination of methods of treatment that may be accomplished by numerous molecules, it is a burden to search for all such inventions in the single application. Restriction is proper therefore.

Inventions I through IV are directed to related compounds. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the related inventions do not overlap in scope, since each has its own unique structure that has not been obvious variants of any other structure.

Furthermore since each such structure has leased a materially different design, such compounds are considered distinct. Furthermore, since the search and examination of each compound of distinct structure is divergent and non-coextensive with the search examination of other distinct structures, it is a burden to search for all such inventions in the single application. Restriction is proper therefore.

Inventions V and VI are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the related processes are distinct because they do not overlap in scope, since each uses a different compound which has a distinct structure. Since such compounds are not obvious variants of one another, neither are their methods of use. The related processes thus have at least a materially different mode of operation. Furthermore, since the search and examination of methods of using compounds of distinct structure are divergent and non-coextensive with the search examination of other methods using compounds of distinct structure, it is a burden to search for all such inventions in the single application. Restriction is proper therefore.

Species

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species: angiomas, diabetic retinopathy, esophageal cancer, stomach cancer, renal carcinoma cancer, bladder cancer, breast cancer, colon cancer, lung cancer, melanoma, nasopharyngeal cancer,

osteocarcinoma, ovarian cancer, and uterine cancer. The species are independent or distinct because each disease has its own etiology and pathological profile.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claim 16 is generic.

Linking Claims

Claim 1 link(s) inventions I through IV. Claim 22 link(s) inventions V and VI. The restriction requirement among the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claims 1 or 22. Upon the indication of allowability of the linking claim(s), the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) will be rejoined and fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104 Claims that require all the limitations of an allowable linking claim will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

Applicant(s) are advised that if any claim(s) including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) is/are presented in a continuation or divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application. Where a restriction

requirement is withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. In re Ziegler, 443 F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Conclusion

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to J. Douglas Schultz, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0763. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Wang can be reached at 571-272-0811. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public.

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JDS

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